POPULATION.

According to manuscript notes made by Captain Lonsdale (afterwards the first Colonial Secretary of Victoria) Population of Victoria, 1836 to 1928. the first enumeration of the people of this State was made within a year after the arrival of Batman (29th May, 1835) by an officer from Sydney, George Stewart, who came in the revenue cutter Prince George with orders from His Excellency Sir Richard Bourke to report upon the state of things in the new It was then found (25th May, 1836) that the band of first arrivals consisted of 142 males and 35 females, or, in all, 177 residents This was the first official census of what was at of European origin. that time known as Port Phillip. The settlers came from Tasmania and New South Wales. The second enumeration was made on the 8th November of the same year (1836) by order of Captain Lonsdale, who on the 29th day of the previous September arrived in H.M.S. Rattlesnake (Captain Hobson), which anchored in that part of the port now called Hobson's Bay. Captain Lonsdale had been appointed police magistrate, with instructions to take general charge of the district. the 5th October the Stirlingshire (brig) arrived with the remainder of the Government establishment, consisting of a detachment of Captain Lonsdale's regiment (the 4th), a principal officer of Customs, three surveyors, an officer in charge of commissariat stores, a small number of Crown prisoners for public service, and three constables. standing these additions to the population, the census of the following month showed an increase of 47 persons only-making a total of 224 persons (186 males and 38 females). The third census was taken nearly two years later, in September, 1838, when it was ascertained that the number of inhabitants had increased to 3,511. At the end of 1840 it was estimated that the Port Phillip district contained 10,291 persons. During each of the years 1840 and 1841 the population was doubled, owing principally to the number of assisted immigrants who arrived in the district, and good progress continued to be made to the end of 1850, when the community numbered 76,162 persons.

The discovery of gold in 1851, however, was the greatest factor in populating Victoria. When the discoveries were announced diggers came in thousands from New South Wales, South Australia, and Tasmania, and later on crowds of emigrants from the United Kingdom

and other European countries joined in the rush. America contributed its quota, even Californians leaving their own gold-bearing country to try their fortunes in Australia. Some idea of this influx may be gathered from the official figures, which show that the population numbered 463,135 at the end of 1857, or more than six times that of 1850. During the decade 1861 to 1870 the population increased by 188,752, all but 39,000 of which was due to the excess of births over deaths. In the next decennial period, 1871 to 1880, there was an increase of 133,468, but this would have been nearly 13,000 greater if the arrivals in had equalled the departures from the colony. Between 1881 and 1890 an addition of 273,000 was made to the population, about 112,000 of this number being due to immigration. latter portion of this decennium is known as the "boom period," when land values were highly inflated, wages and prices were exceptionally high, and expenditure by the Government and the people generally was conducted on a most lavish scale. The inevitable reaction followed, and this is reflected in the records.

The net migration from the State during the ten years following 1890 amounted to 109,000 persons, the increase of 64,000 in the total population being accounted for by the fact that the births exceeded the deaths by 173,000. Most of the emigrants left for Western Australia, where gold had been discovered in large quantities. In 1902-3 a year of unexampled drought was experienced, which was felt severely by Victoria as well as all the other Eastern States. From 1903 to 1913 the seasons were usually good, with the result that employment was plentiful and that the State was able not only to retain its own people but also to attract a considerable number of immigrants from other States and countries. In the year 1914 there was a severe drought, and the outbreak of war led to the despatch of a large number of men to places outside Australia. The increase in population was therefore retarded in that year. Although there were record harvests in 1915 and 1916 there was a decrease of population in both of these years on account of the departure of soldiers for the front, and the practical cessation of immigration. In 1917 and 1918 there were increases in spite of the fact that 20,633 soldiers left the State in the earlier and 4,532 in the later year to take part in the war. In 1919 there was a substantial addition to the population. The increases in the three years mentioned were entirely due to the return of soldiers to Victoria, the number who

returned being 16,266 in 1917, 25,900 in 1918, and 77,468 in 1919. In the years 1920 to 1928, there were increases of 24,874, 22,777, 39,539, 35,155, 31,715, 26,922, 27,810, 29,563 and 19,574 respectively, included in which were 3,474 soldiers and 2,763 assisted immigrants in the first-mentioned year, and about 4,000 assisted immigrants in 1921, 9,145 in 1922, 9,504 in 1923, 8,721 in 1924, 8,589 in 1925, 8,583 in 1926, 8,854 in 1927 and 5,221 in 1928. The subjoined table shows the population in various years from 1836 to 1928:—

ESTIMATED POPULATION OF VICTORIA, 1836 TO 1928.

Year.	Estimated	Population, 31st	December.	Estimated Mean	
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Population.	
1836 (25th May)	142	35	177	} 200	
1836 (8th Novr.)	186	38	224	200	
1840	7,254	3,037	10,291	8,056	
1850	45,495	30,667	76,162	71,191	
1855	234,450	129,874	364,324	338,315	
1860	328,251	209,596	537,847	534,055	
1870	398,755	327,844	726,599	713,195	
1880	451,456	408,611	860,067	850,343	
1890	596,064	537,202	1,133,266	1,118,500	
1900	200 407	594,719	1,197,206	1,193,338	
1901	608,436	601,464	1,209,900	1,203,137	
1902	604,318	603,913	1,208,231	1,207,527	
1903	599,950	604,792	1,204,742	1,205,296	
1904	597,617	607.991	1,205,608	1,202,814	
1905	#00 194	612,287	1,210,421	1,206,046	
1906	600,856	618,976	1,219,832	1,213,672	
1907	605,775	627.032	1,232,807	1,225,503	
1908	614,937	635,512	1,250,449	1,240,488	
1909 ,.	691 001	646,001	1,277,022	1,261,169	
910	646,482	654,926	1,301,408	1,282,477	
1911	668,818	671.075	1,339,893	1,320,661	
1912	690,056	692,497	1,382,553	1,357,864	
1913	707,444	707,972	1,415,416	1,395,958	
1914	713,307	721,881	1,435,188	1,427,512	
1915	604 910	730,235	1,424,445	1,431,632	
1916	666,245	738,418	1,404,663	1,414,480	
1917	671,075	745,985	1,417,060	1,411,381	
1918	684,243	753,002	1,437,245	1,424,054	
1919	739,956	763,079	1,503,035	1,473,013	
1920	753,803	774,106	1,527,909	1,512,093	
1921	764,905	785,781	1,550,686	1,537,008	
1922	788,626	801,599	1,590,225	1,570,824	
1923	806,546	818,834	1,625,380	1,607,773	
1924	824,182	832,913	1,657,095	1,641,852	
1925	000 000	845,324	1,684,017	1,671,467	
1926	852,399	859,428	1,711,827	1,696,670	
1927	867,409	873,981	1,741,390	1,727,413	
1928	875,449	885,515	1,760,964	1,751,340	

The rates of increase in population in different years are given on page 67.

The elements of increase in the population of Victoria during 1928 are shown in the following table:—

ESTIMATED POPULATION OF VICTORIA, 31st DECEMBER, 1928.

	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Estimated Population, 31st December, 1927	••		867,409	873,981	1,741,390
Births, 1928	17,805	16,693		••	
Deaths, 1928	9,384	8,324		••	
Natural Increase	••		8,421	8,369	16,790
Migration by Sea, 1928—					
Arrivals	40,666	37,487		••	••
Departures (as adjusted)	38,686	34,602			••
Gain Seawards			1,980	2,885	4,865
Migration by Land, 1928—					
Arrivals	118,440	59,221	••		••
Departures (as adjusted)	120,801	58,941	••		••
Loss Overland			-2,361	280	-2,081
Estimated Population, 31st December, 1928			875,449	885,515	1,760,964
Full-blooded aborigines as enumerated at a census of aborigines, 30th June,					
1928, not included in the estimate	• •		34	19	58

* Gain.

The population of Victoria on 5th April, 1891, when the census of that year was taken, was 1,140,405; in 1901 it was 1,201,341; in 1911, 1,315,551; and, in 1921, 1,531,280. The estimated population in 1928 was 1,760,964. The table which follows shows the increase of population by excess of births over deaths, and the loss by emigration in each year since the first-mentioned date:—

INCREASE OF POPULATION BY EXCESS OF BIRTHS OVER DEATHS, AND LOSS BY EMIGRATION, 1891 TO 1928.

Year.	Natural Increase (i.e., Excess of Births over Deaths).	Loss by Emigration.	Net Increase.
1891 (from 5th April, Census)	15,859	+ 1,414	17,273
1892	21,980	11,058	10,922
1893	20,044	12,484	7,560
1894	18,828	12,698	6,130
1895	18,070	14,410	3,660
1896	16,464	22,134	- 5,670
1897	16,184	13,754	2,430
1898	11,477	11,127	350
1899	14,430	8,020	6,410
1900	15,564	7,828	7,736
1901 (to 31st March, Census)	3,613	+ 251	3,864
Total Intercensal period (10 years)	172,513	111,848	60,665
1901 (from 1st April)	11,491	2,661	8,830
1902	14,284	15,953	- 1,669
1903	13,974	17,463	- 3,489
1904	15,370	14,504	866
1905	15,431	10,618	4,813
1906	15,607	6,196	9,411
1907	16,826	3,851	12,975
1908	15,331	+ 2,311	17,642
1909	17,108	+ 9,465	26,573
1910	16,705	+ 7,681	24,386
1911 (to 2nd April, Census)	4,694	+ 9,449	14,143
Total Intercensal period (10 years)	156,821	42,340	114,481
1911 (from 3rd April)	13,116	+11,226	24,342
1912	19,207	+23,453	42,660
1913	20,496	+12,367	32,863
1914	19,719	+ 53	19,772
1915	19,186	29,929	-10,743
1916	17,746	37,528	- 19,782
1917	18,478	6,081	12,397
1918	16,420	+ 3,765	20,185
1919	12,249	+53,541	65,790
1920	19,381	+5,493	24,874
1921 (to 4th April, Census)	4.679	1,308	3,371
Total Intercensal period (10 years)	180,677	+35,052	215,729
1921 (from 5th April)	14,747	+ 4,659	19,406
1922	21,133	+18,406	39,539
1923	18,658	+16,497	35,155
1924	19,637	+12,078	31,715
1925	20,085	+6,837	26,922
1926	19,027	+ 8,783	27,810
1927	18,301	+11,262	29,563
1928	16,790	+ 2,784	19,574

Note,—The plus sign (+) indicates that the arrivals in exceeded the departures from the State by the number against which it is placed.

Immigration and emigration, 1924-1928 The following table shows the total migration by sea to and from Victoria during the five years 1924 to 1928:—

RECORDED IMMIGRATION AND EMIGRATION BY SEA, 1924 TO 1928.

	Year.		Immigrants.	Emigrants.	Excess of Immigrants
1924			88,467	72,458	16,009
1925			77.487	64,276	13,211
1926		[88,026	73,799	14.227
1927			90,338	77,079	13,259
1928		1	78.153	72.968	5,185

The number of soldiers belonging to the Australian Expeditionary Forces who arrived in Victoria from or left the State for oversea countries from the commencement of the war to the 31st December, 1920, is shown in the Year-Book for 1922–23, page 85.

Arrivals and departures by the seaward traffic, is taken into account in framing estimates of population. The effect of the railway traffic during the past five years is shown in the following statement:—

RECORDED MIGRATION BY RAIL, 1924 TO 1928.

Year.	Arrivals.			Arrivals. Departures.				Excess of Departures.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
1924	181,969	93,441	275,410	182,857	95,561	278,418	888	2,120	3,008	
1925	192,390	99,286	291,676	194,982	102,137	297,119	2,592	2,851	5,443	
1926 1927	161.074 122.928	83,922 61,464	244,996 184,392	164,041 123,625	85,449 61,812	249,490 185,437	2,967 697	1,527	4,494 1,045	
1928	118,440	59,221	177,661	119,401	59,701	179,102	961	480	1,441	

From the beginning of 1913 to 30th June, 1926, a systematic count was made of the passengers who travelled by rail between the States of Victoria. New South Wales, Queensland, and South Australia. From 1st July, 1926, the count at the border station was abolished, and the interstate tickets issued by the various Railway Departments are from that time to be the data employed in the future in ascertaining the migration between the States on the mainland.

During 1928 Victoria lost by rail 26 persons to Queensland, 662 to South Australia, 810 to Western Australia, and 322 to the Federal

Capital Territory, but gained 379 from New South Wales.

The net result of the recorded immigration and emigration by sea between Victoria and the neighbouring States, countries and vice versa. the United Kingdom, and foreign countries (exclusive of soldiers) during each of the five years ended 1928 is shown in the following table. Where a minus sign (—) appears, it indicates that the emigrants exceeded the immigrants by the number against which it is placed:—

RECORDED NET IMMIGRATION TO VICTORIA BY SEA, 1924 TO 1928.

	Ex	cess of I	mmigr	ation	over Em	igration	betwe	en Vict	oria a	nd—		
Year.	New South Wales.	Queensland.	South Australia.	Western Australia.	Tasmania.	New Zealand.	South Africa.	United Kingdom.	Other British Dominions.	United States.	Other Foreign Ports.	Net Immigration.
1924 1925 1926 1927 1928	- 876 - 959 - 936 -1,871 - 829 -5,471	-1,058 -1,442 - 934 - 663 - 559	-142 -190 -116 116	158 -487 -894	3,716 3,405 4,616 2,159 1,476	68 -433 44 395 - 70	105 38 51 52	9,519 10,224 5,006	- 10 - 10 54 11	11 7 7 43 -4	2,532 1,880 1,915 3,572 984	13,211 14,227 13,259

The net result of the seaward migration for the five years has been an increase to Victoria of 61,891 persons, the principal gains having been from the United Kingdom, Tasmania, and Foreign ports. New South Wales, Queensland, South Australia, and Western Australia attracted persons from this State during that period.

The number of persons who have been assisted to come to Victoria from the foundation of the State to the end of 1928 will be found in the next table:—

STATE-ASSISTED IMMIGRATION TO VICTORIA TO THE END OF 1928.

Period.		Number of State-assisted Immigrants.	Period.		Number of State-assisted Immigrants.
838-50		28,632	1913		12,146
851-60		87,963	1914		7,496
861-70	• • •	46,594	1915		1,724
871-80		5.545	1916		327
881-90		2	1917		146
891-00		••	1918		101
901		•	1919		139
902		•	1920		2,763
903		•••	1921		3,987
904		•	1922	1	9,145
905		•	1923		9,504
906			1924		8,721
907		127	1925		8,589
908		360	1926		8,583
909		652	1927		8,854
910		1,690	1928		5,221
911		6,776		- 1	
912	::	15,119	Total		280,906

In 1928 the immigrants assisted by the Government numbered 5,221, of whom 4,065 were nominated and 1,156 selected. Of the immigrants 1,566 were married persons. The sex distribution of the State-assisted immigrants was—males 2,567, and females 2,654.

Upon the outbreak of war in August, 1914, instructions were issued by the Victorian Government that no men who were within the limits of the recruiting ages should be accepted for assisted passages by its representatives in England. Partly for this reason and partly because of the existence of prosperous conditions in Great Britain the number of assisted immigrants to Victoria was very small during the years 1915 to 1919.

A statement of the arrangements which have been made for assisting immigrants to come to Victoria is given in a later portion of this volume under the heading "Immigration Bureau."

CENSUS OF 1921.

A census of Australia was taken on 4th April, 1921, under the general superintendence of the Commonwealth Statistician. The officer in charge of the collection in each State was the Commonwealth electoral officer for that State with the designation of "Deputy Supervisor of Census." Under him an enumerator was in charge of each Commonwealth electoral division, and under each enumerator there was a sub-enumerator in respect of each electoral subdivision or a group of subdivisions. In all cases the position of enumerator was filled by the divisional returning officer. Each subdivision was further cut up into collectors' districts for the actual work of collection. The collecting organizations for the States comprised six deputy supervisors, 75 enumerators, and about 1,100 subenumerators, and 7,000 collectors.

A deputy supervisor was appointed for each of the Territories, viz., Northern Territory, Federal Territory, Norfolk Island, and Papua, and for the late German New Guinea. In these cases the collectors worked under the immediate direction of the deputy supervisor.

The following statement shows the population of and number of dwellings in each of the municipalities of the State at the census of 4th April, 1921:—

POPULATION OF AND DWELLINGS IN EACH LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA OF VICTORIA AS AT THE CENSUS OF 4TH APRIL, 1921.

•			Population.		D	wellings	.
Local Govern	ment Area.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Built.	Being Built.	Total.
							4
Cities, To	oms, and						
Boroughs-M		[
Brighton		9,491	11.744	21,235	4,620	59	4,679
Brunswick	••	21,339	23,145	44,484	9,685	91	9,776
Camberwell		10,703	13,132	23,835	5,729	124	5,853
Caulfield		18,667	22,026	40,693	9,672	162	9,834
Coburg		8,952	9,162	18,114	3,857	40	3,897
Collingwood	•••	15,956	18,283	34,239	7,564	1	7,565
Essendon		16,525	18,744	35,269	8,050	36	8,086
Fitzroy		16,311	18,627	34,938	7,708	4	7,712
Footscray		16,785	16,990	33,775	7,147	46	7,193
Hawthorn		12,870	16,295	29,165	6,563	29	6,592
Kew		7,711	9,671	17,382	3,650	57	3,707
Malvern		14,054	18,252	32,306	7,626	127	7,753
Melbourne		51.084	52,167	103,251	21,533	22	21,555
Northcote		14.694	15,825		6,841	112	6,953
Oakleigh		2,932	3,144		1,366	17	1,383
Port Melbourn		6,495	6,594		2,806	2	2,808
Prahran		21,706		50,290	11,479	18	11,497
Richmond		20,606		43,171	9,505	6	9,511
Sandringham		5,142	6,174	11,316	2,761	63	2,824
South Melbour		22,167	24,706		10,153	16	10,169
St. Kilda		16,736	21,843	38,579	8,307	64	8.371
Williamstown		9,916	9,526	19,442	4,335	30	4,365
Total		340,842	387,199	728,041	160,957	1,126	162,083
Extra Met	tropolitan.						
Ararat		2,306	2,347	4.653	857	.2	859
Ballarat		9,359	11,856	21,215	4,950	12	4,962
Ballarat East		6,194	7,258	13,452	3,308	3	3,311
Bendigo		11,755	13,927	25,682	5,970	15	5,985
Carrum		2,490		5,225	1,850	17	1,867
Castlemaine		2,509	1 1	5,331	1,249	1	1,250
Clunes		510	715	1,225	354	1	355
Creswick		764	906	1,670	429	l l	429
Daylesford		1.468	1,860	3,328	771	l	771
Dunolly		405	448	853	242		242
Eaglehawk		2,134	2,585	4,719	1,171		1,171
Echuca	••	1,836	1,909	3,745	859	1	860
Geelong		6,850	7,955	14,805	3,245	2	3,247
Geelong West		4,518	5,123	9.641	2 221	10	2,231
Hamilton		2,406		5,097	1,155	2	1,157

POPULATION OF AND DWELLINGS IN EACH LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA OF VICTORIA AS AT THE CENSUS OF 4TH APRIL, 1921—continued.

		Population.		, D	wellings	
Local Government Area.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Built.	Being Built.	Total.
					. ·	
Cities, Towns, and						
Boroughs—Extra Metro-		· i			1	
politan—continued.						
Inglewood	517	600	1,117	289		28
Koroit	856	904	1,760	364	••	30
Maryborough	2,216	2,528	4,744	1,172	2	1,17
Mentone and Mordialloc	2,629	3,045	5,674	1,361	7	1,30
Mildura	2,665	2,436	5,101	1,064		1,0
Newtown and Chilwell	3,312	3,928	7,240	1,596	5	1.60
Port Fairy	983	1,005	1,988	435		43
Portland	1,135	1.420	2,555		2	50
Queenscliff	1,102	1,384	2,486	502	••	50
Sale	1,766	2,003		824	6	88
Sebastopol	867	875		420		42
St. Arnaud	1,214	1,507	2,721	638	2	64
Stawell	2,041	2,372	4,413	1,046	1	1,04
Wangaratta	1,769	1,920	3,689	751	4	78
Warrnambool	3,718	4,012	7,730	1,655	4	1,6
Wonthaggi	2,809	2,361	5,170	1,045	19	1,00
Total	86,908	99,422	186,330	43,187	146	43,3
Total—Cities, Towns, and Boroughs	427,750	486,621	914,371	204,144	1 070	90E 41
and Dolougha	421,100	400,021	914,371		1,212	205,4
Shires.	0.11.	0.700	F 400			
Alberton	3,114	2,508		1,339	5	1,34
Alexandra	1,890	1,464	3,354	920	1	99
Arapiles	1,198	1,126	2,324	480		48
Ararat	3,162	2,793	5,955	1,349		1,38
Avoca	1,658	1,649	3,307	818	4	82
Avon	1.287	1,097	2,384	543	3	54
Bacchus Marsh	1,738	1,561	3,299	675	9	68
Bairnsdale	3,888	3,831	7,719	1.794	3	1,79
Ballan	1,603	1,477	3,080	798	1	79
Ballarat	1,894	2,059	3,953	733	4	73
Bannockburn	1,345	1,244	2,589	633	•••	6
Barrarbool	968		1,811	411		41
Barwon South	1,529		3,168	857	1	- 88
Beechworth	2,358	2,293	4,651	1,014	1	1,0
Belfast	1,322	1.166	2,488	524	•••	52
Bellarine	2,040	1,969	4,009	969	4	97
Benalla	3,895	3,692	7,587	1,771	3	1,77
Berwick	4,832	4,119	8,951	2,156	10	2,16
Bet Bet	1,424	1,255	2,679	698	1	69
Birchip	1,014	836	1,850	395	2	39
Borung	2,532	2,219	4,751	1,056	2	1,08
Braybrook	2,335	2,096	4,431	944	75	1,01
Bright	2,044	1,958	4,002	1,000		1,00
Broadford	710	622	1,332	347	1	34

Population of and Dwellings in each Local Government Area of Victoria as at the Census of 4th April, 1921—continued.

	:	Population.		D	wellings	•
Local Government Area.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Built.	Being Built.	Total.
						
Shires -continued.						
Broadmeadows	3,626	1,804	5,430	820	7	827
Bulla	1,264	1,337	2,601	370		370
Buln Buln	3,264	2,618	5,882	1,472		1,472
Bungaree	1,528	1,490	3,018	717		717
	2,637	2.427	5.064	1.225		1,228
Buninyong	1,325	1,140	2,465	535	1 1	
Charlton						535
Chiltern	1,063	1,077	2,140	536		536
Colac	6,248	5,851	12,099	2,662		2,685
Corio	2,256	1,685	3,941	766		774
Cranbourne	3,219	2,462		1,403		1,413
Creswick	1,505	1,539		774		774
Dandenong	3,439	3,441	6,880	1,583		1,610
Deakin	2,163	1,761	3,924	926	2	928
Dimboola	3,370	2,899	6,269	1,256	4	1,260
Donald	1,727	1,513	3,240	709	١ ا	709
Doncaster	1.342	1,242	2,584	670	3	673
Dundas	1,788	1,699	3,487	794	1	795
Dunmunkle	2,486	2,097	4,583	982		984
T31.1	2,092	1,981	4,073	1.104		1.105
TO	1,994	1,914	3,908	898		899
	3.372	3,632	7,004	2.255		2.292
Ferntree Gully		2.250	4.755	1,237		, , , , , , , ,
Flinders	2,505					1,240
Frankston and Hastings	2,299	2,347	4,646	1,431		1,433
Gippsland South	2,615	2,058		1,037		1,038
Gisborne	1,089	1,286	2,375	564		564
Glenelg	2,815	2,664	5,479	1,235		1,239
Glenlyon	1,638	1,783	3,421	847	2	849
Gordon	1,717	1,433	3,150	708		709
Goulburn	1,145	1,001	2,146	506	1	507
Grenville	1,557	1,565	3,122	803		803
Hampden	5,370	5,133	10,503	2,282	6	2,288
Healesville	1,550	1,864	3,414	710		715
Heidelberg	7,942	8,674	16,616	3,420	43	3,463
Heytesbury	2,326	2,123	4,449	961	1	962
Huntly	1,696	1,402	3,098	767	: - 1	768
	1,649	1,392	3,041	709		713
TT 1	3,139	2,354	5,493	1,210		1,215
1	663	2,554 528	1,191	265		265
				2,353		2,365
Kerang	5,697	4,779	10,476			
Kilmore	942	848	1,790	431		431
Korong	2.611	2,262	4,873	1,141		1,143
Kowree	1,748	1,550	3,298	792	3	794
Kyneton	3,341	3,630	6,971	1,705		1.709
Lawloit	1,150	1,016	2,166	443		443
Leigh	807	716	1,523	387		387

Population of and Dwellings in each Local Government Area of Victoria as at the Census of 4th April, 1921—continued.

		Population.		D	wellings	•
Local Government Area.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Built.	Being	Total.
	maics.	remaies.	reisons.	Dun.	Built.	Total.
Shires—continued.		l. 1				
Tarton	894	729	1,623	414		41
T 21-3-1-	4.651	4.758		2,463		41
T a J J T74	971	4,798 800	9,409		35	2,49
т	1.906	1,722	1,771	407 772	,**	40
N. C.	3,082	2,571	3,628			77
W-1-1	1.508		5,653	1,282	9	1,29
Man = C = 1.3	2,119	1,630	3,138	764		76
M	3,053	1,874 2.822	3,993	980	2	98
Maltan	786	644	5,875	1,342	1	1,34
Makes Ide		1.323	1,430	341		34
Wildung	1,350 4,891	3,189	2,673 8,080	$\frac{647}{2,189}$	1 9	64
Mr. 1	1,017	863	1,880	2,189 468	24	2,19
M*-3	892	646	1,538	367	24	49
Mr 1. 1	3,786	3.657			10	36
Maminatan	987	1,215	7,443 $2,202$	1,499 588	19 2	1,51
10 am 41 a 1 a a	1,497	1,215	2,202	697	4	59 70
Manus II	2.105	1,580	3,685	969	1	
Mr. D	1,361	1,348	2,709		,1	97
VF1	1,600	1,610		597 714		59
UT . TT	1,169	942	3,210	460	3	71
UT T	1,744	1	2,111		-1	46
Marracan	3,810	1,590 3.110	3,334	811		81
Newham and Woodend	984		6,920	1,671	3	1,67
Newstead and Mt. Alex-	904	1,108	2,092	481	••	48
ander	1,356	1.344	2,700	733		73
VT 1 1	3,000	2,765	5,765	1.327	•••	
Numurkan Nunawading	6,238	6.393	12,631	2,855	52	1,32
`	1,303	1,065	2,368	665	2	2,90 66
Orbost	2,204	1,624	3,828	999	1	
O4	2,204	1,701	4,040	999	4	1,00
n-la-	2,335 $2,172$	1,776	3,948	864	1	1,00
Phillip Island and	2,112	1,770	3,940	004	- 1	80
107-1	2,721	2,379	5,100	1,111	2	1,11
Poowong and Jeetho	3,891	3,286	7.177	1,657	4	1,11
Portland	2,742	2.525	5,267	1,057	3	1,00
D	4,717	4,953	9,670	2,102	86	
Daniel I am	370	331	701			2,18
Dima				189		18
Dankarakan	$1,730 \\ 3,397$	1,700 2,889	3,430 6,286	803	7	80
0 - 1	3,913	3,481	7.394	1,399	7	1,40
)				1,642	• •	1,64
n 11	1,690	1,503	3,193	800	•••	80
D-411	2,260	1,920	4,180	1,002	4	1,00
Rutherglen	2,086	1,859	3,945	885		88
Seymour	2,028	1,778	3,806	870	2	87

The borough of Rutherglen has been amalgamated with the shire, and the figures which are given above relate to the municipality in its altered form. In Census publications the population of the borough is shown as Males 572, Females 588—Total 1,160; and that of the shire as Males 1,514, Females 1,271—Total 2,785.

Population of and Dwellings in each Local Government Area of Victoria as at the Census of 4th April, 1921—continued.

Shires—continued. Shepparton	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Built.	Being Built.	Total.	
Shepparton						Total.	
Shepparton							
Shepparton					· · · ·		
	4,019	3,692	7,711	1,685	5	1,690	
	1,840	1,510	3,350	802		802	
Strathfieldsaye	1,687	1,687	3,374	788		788	
Swan Hill	6,723	4,830	11,553	2,721	16	2,737	
Talbot	646	736	1,382	388		388	
Tambo	2,235	1,993	4,228	929	1	930	
Towong	2,412	1,915	4,327	1,008	2	1,010	
Traralgon	1,729	1,609	3,338	791	. 4	795	
Tullaroop	1,314	1,264	2,578	637		637	
Tungamah	2,402	2,098	4,500	1,030	2	1,032	
Upper Yarra	3,017	2,512	5,529	1,308	10	1,318	
Violet Town	960	924	1,884	461	2	463	
Walpeup	3,278	2,195	5,473	1,199	5	1,204	
Wangaratta	1,268	1,117	2,385	525		525	
Wannon	1,519	1,322	2,841	636	3	639	
Waranga	2,909	2,462		1,321	2	1,323	
Warragul	2,543	2,412	4,955	1,048	4	1,052	
Warrnambool	4,256	3,978	8,234	1,760		1,760	
Werribee	3,737	3,299	7,036	1,559	7	1,566	
Whittlene	1,835	1,645	3,480	788		788	
Wimmera	2,346	1,810		870	2	872	
Winchelsea	2,247	2,061	4,308	980	1	981	
Wodonga	1,368	1,185	2,553	608	7	615	
Woorayl	3,311	2,656	5,967	1,358	4	1,362	
Wycheproof	2,428	1,785	4.213	1,000		1,000	
Yackandandah	1,515	1,412	2,927	677	2	679	
Yarrawonga	1,354	1,265	2,619	611		611	
Yea	1 488	1,208	2,696	646	10	656	
Total—Shires	322,205	288,782	610,987	141,842	737	142,579	
			SUMMAI	RY.			
Cities, Towns and Boroughs	427,750	486,621	914,371	204,144	1,272	205,416	
Shires	322,205	288,782	610,987	141,842	737	142,579	
Not Incorporated	106	68	174	64		64	
Whale State	750,061	775 471	1,525,532	346,050	2,009	348.059	
Whole State Shipping	4,663	1,085	5,748	340,000	2,009	340,000	
Total Population	754,724	776 556	1,531,280	346,050	2 000	348,059	

Population in each District.

The enumerated populations of the districts of Victoria at the last two census dates are shown hereunder:—

ENUMERATED POPULATIONS OF THE VARIOUS DISTRICTS
OF VICTORIA AT THE CENSUSES OF 1911 AND 1921

		1911.			1921.	
District.				, <u> </u>	·	<u> </u>
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Central	358,360	388,532	746,892	465,671	510,370	976,041
North Central	37,256	37,268	74,524	30,946	31,645	62,591
Western	69,746	68,792	138,538	67,178	67,380	134,558
Wimmera	31,636	28,067	59,703	30,533	27,940	58,473
Mallee	17,247	11,806	29,053	25,896	19,032	44,928
Northern	67,819	63,988	131,807	62,066	59,767	121,833
North-Eastern	30,795	27,488	58,283	25,902	23,577	49,479
Gippsland	38,650	33,296	71,946	41,869	35,760	77,629
Shipping	4,082	723	4,805	4,663	1,085	5,748
Total	655,591	659,960	1,315,551	754,724	776,556	1,531,280

In only three districts were increases shown in the intercensal period. The population of the Central District, which includes Melbourne and suburbs, advanced by 229,149; that of the Mallee District by 15,875; and that of the Gippsland District by 5,683 during the decennium. All the northern districts lost population during the period mentioned, and the Wimmera District, in which large quantities of wheat are grown, had 1,230 fewer residents in 1921 than in 1911.

The populations enumerated in each county of the Population in each county.

State at the Censuses of 1911 and 1921 are given in the following statement, and the increases or decreases are shown:—

POPULATION OF COUNTIES IN VICTORIA, 1911 AND 1921.

Males Females Total To			Enun	nerated P	opulatio	n in		Increase (+) or Decrease (-			
Anglesey 4,772	County.		1911.			1921.			compared with 1911.		
Benambra 3,625 2,957 6,582 3,559 2,722 6,081 - 266 - 235 - 260000 14,681 13,224 27,905 11,639 10,668 22,307 3,042 - 2,556 - 2,056 - 2,052 - 2,056 - 2,056 - 2,052 - 2,056 - 2,052 - 2,056 - 2,052 - 2,056 - 2,052 - 2,056 - 2,052 - 2,056 - 2,052 - 2,056	_	Males.	Females	Total.	Males.	Females	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
Benambra 3,625 2,957 6,582 3,559 2,722 6,081 - 266 - 225 - 2600 - 256 - 2600 - 256 - 2600 - 256	nglogov	4 779	4 180	8 059	5 508	4 581	10.089	± 786	401	+ 1,137	
Bendigo 26,771 27,729 54,500 22,924 24,606 47,530 - 3,847 - 3,123 - 3,000 - 3,648 13,224 27,905 11,639 10,668 22,307 - 3,042 - 2,556 - 2,042 - 2,0		3 695	2,057	6,582	3 350						
Bogong 14,681 13,224 27,905 11,639 10,668 22,307 3,042 2,556 16,289 14,562 30,881 16,173 14,721 30,894 16 16 159 + 160,704 16,203 16			27,720	54,500	22,024	24,606	47,530				
Borung					11 639	10,668		- 3 042	- 2,556	- 5,598	
Bourke 295,300 327,502 622,511 383,659 433,810 822,760 + 98,650 + 106,308 + 168		16 280	14 562								
Bulin Bulin											
Croajingo											
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		24,200	10,,,,	41,007		20,011	11,000	1 2,200	-,0.0	, 0,000	
Dargo	1	1.510	1.190	2.700	1.684	1.275	2.959	+ 174	+ 85	+ 259	
Dargo			8.724	17.641							
Delaite						2,050					
Dimidas						9,655	19.826	-1.320	- 919		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						5.258			+ 106	+ 138	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		9.026	8.265				24,550		+ 3.825	+ 7.259	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1.372	1.339	2.711	1.611				213	+ 452	
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		8.752		16,713	6.516			- 2,236	- 2.022		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								+ 686	+ 1,624	+ 2,310	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			22,567					-2,882	- 2,776	- 5.658	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		5,083			6,258	5,357	11,615	+ 1,175	+ 1,176	+ 2,351	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	ampden	6,707		12,895	6,443			- 264	+ 56		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	eytesbury	3,705	3,261	6,966				+ 385	+		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	ara Kara	8,265						— 638	– 7 9		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	arkarooc				16,267	11,882	28,149	+6,649			
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	owan		6,231					— 349	– 207		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	illewa							– 7		- 14	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			15,028			13,623			- 1,405		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	ornington							+ 9,541			
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					5,857	5,922					
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		7,367	6,533			7,178	15,154	+ 614	+ 640	+ 1,254	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		7,464	6,448			6,236	12,907	793	- 212	- 1,005	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			9,089	19,488	11,490			+ 1,091	1,100	+ 2,244	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									- 3,417	- 11,632	
Tatchera . 6,318 4,519 10,837 7,076 5,321 12,397 + 758 + 802 + Villiers . 11,430 11,297 22,727 11,574 11,440 23,014 + 144 + 143 + Weeah . 1,255 697 1,952 2,794 1,508 4,312 + 1,249 + 1,111 +				2,979	2,240			1 016			
Villiers 11,430 11,297 22,727 11,574 11,440 23,014 + 144 + 143 + Weeah 1,255 697 1,952 2,594 1,808 4,312 + 1,249 + 1,111 +							19 207	758			
Weeah 1,255 697 1,952 2,594 1,808 4,312 + 1,249 + 1,111 +		0,518								+ 1,300	
					9 504			I 1 240			
Wonnanganda 990 100 1,101 100 002 1,200 - 200 - 201 -					799						
Outside		998	199	1,101	100	032	1,200	200	401	1 100	
Counties—									i	10.00	
		4.082	723	4.805	4 663	1.085	5.748	-L 581	+ 362	+ 943	
Shipping 4,082 723 4,805 4,663 1,085 5,745 + 581 + 562 +	ubhing	7,004		±,000							
Total $\begin{vmatrix} 655,591 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 659,960 \end{vmatrix} 1,315,551 \begin{vmatrix} 754,724 \end{vmatrix} 776,556 \end{vmatrix} 1,531,280 \end{vmatrix} + 99,133 \end{vmatrix} + 116,596 \end{vmatrix} + 21$	Total	655,591	659,960	1,315,551	754,724	776,556	1,531,280	+ 99,133	+116,596	+ 215,729	

Note.—Full-blood aborigines, to the number of 196 in 1911 and 144 in 1921, are excluded from the foregoing statement.

Decreases of population were snown in 17 of the 37 counties in the ten-year period 1911-1921. The largest of these were in the counties of Talbot, Bendigo, Grenville, Bogong and Gladstone, where the mining industry was in a depressed condition during that decade. The north-eastern county of Moira, which is principally dependent on agriculture, showed a decline of about 10 per cent. The county of Bourke, which includes the metropolis, contained nearly 200,000 more people at the later census than at the earlier one. There were also large increases in the counties of Mornington, Evelyn, and Karkarooc.

The conjugal condition of the people, as ascertained at Condition, 1921. the census of 1921, is shown in the following table:—

CONJUGAL CONDITION OF THE PEOPLE, 4TH APRIL, 1921.

	Males.	Females,	Total.
Never married—			
Under age 15 years	231,086	224,850	455,936
Age 15 years and over	222,177	211,833	434,010
Married	277,183	282,494	559,677
Widowed	21,279	54,928	76,207
Divorced	1,092	1,221	2,313
Unapecified	1,907	1,230	3,137
Total	754,724	776,556	1,531,280

Occupations of the People, 1911 and 1921.

The number of breadwinners in each class of occupation at the last two censuses, and of the persons dependent on them, are shown hereunder:—

OCCUPATIONS OF THE PEOPLE OF VICTORIA, AS RETURNED AT THE CENSUSES OF 1911 AND 1921.

Occupation.	1911.	1921.
Breadwinners—		
Professional	43,819	60,585
Domestic	62,175	58,225
Commercial	91,611	108,011
- Commercial		
Transport and Communication—		
Engaged in Railway Traffic	14,133	20,974
,, ,, Traffic on Roads	11,047	16,215
,, ,, ,, Seas and Rivers	8,522	9,455
" ,, Seas and Rivers " Postal, Telegraph and Tele-		
phone Service	5,371	6,354
" " Aviation		52
Messengers, etc	165	282
Total	39,238	53,332
Industrial	187,773	234,245
Primary Producers— Engaged in Agricultural Pursuits , , Pastoral Pursuits , , Capture, etc., of Wild Animals and their Produce , , Fisheries , , Forestry , , Water Conservation and Supply , , , Mining and Quarrying Total Indefinite	86,152 29,340 1,002 873 5,151 1,627 20,239 144,384 8,053	103,116 22,679 944 1,059 8,153 2,808 8,679 147,438 7,617
-		 -
Dependents	721,137	856,379
Occupation not stated	17,361	5,448
Total	1,315,551	1,531,280

Grades of Occupation of the population, as returned Occupation. at the censuses of 1911 and 1921, were as follows:—

Grade.	C	ensus of 1	911.	C	ensus of 1921.			
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Employer	59,713	7,315	67,028	40,636	4.071	44,70		
Working on own account Assisting but not receiv-	37,753		49,740	82,436	14,624	97,060		
ing salary or wages	19,273	3,002	22,275	10,742	1.003	11.74		
Receiving salary or wages	281,727	103,975	385,702	315,391	118,052	433,443		
Unemployed	14,930	3,012	17,942	32,432	7,581	40,01		
*Grade not applicable	229,594	528,264	757,858	266,661	629,013	895,674		
Grade not stated	12,601	2,405	15,006	6,426	2,212	8,638		
Total	655,591	659,960	1,315,551	754,724	776.556	1,531,280		

^{*} This relates principally to dependents and persons supported by voluntary and State contributions.

Occupancy of Private Dwellings. The mode of occupancy of private dwellings changed materially between the dates of the 1911 and 1921 censuses. Particulars for those two census years are given below:—

MODE OF OCCUPANCY OF PRIVATE DWELLINGS, TENEMENTS AND FLATS—CENSUSES OF 1911 and 1921.

	i de Servicio de Servicio	4th Api	rii, 1921.		3rd April, 1911.	Increase	
Occupied by-	Purel Whole	Whole	Whole	during Ten years 1911-1921.			
	Metro- politan.	Pro- vincial.	Rurai.	State.	State.	1 1974	
N	UMBER OI	OCCUPI	ED PRIVA	ATE DWE	LLINGS.		
Owner Purchaser by	45,096	18,778	66,998	130,872	118,716	12,156	
Instalments	25,259	4,856	12,140	42,255	13,973	28,282	
Tenant Other and Un-	83,067	14,280	30,398	127,745	119,562	8,183	
specified	4,579	1,643	11,842	18,064	11,383	6,681	
Total	158,001	39,557	121,378	318,936	263,634	55,302	

The number of owner occupiers and purchasers by instalments of those dwellings for which definite information was given increased from 52.6 per cent. in the earlier to 57.5 per cent. in the later year. The prevailing scarcity of houses doubtless influenced many persons who were formerly classed as tenants to become prospective owners, by entering into arrangements to purchase their houses on the instalment principle.

Ages of the people.

The following table shows the ages of the people at the dates of the censuses of 1901, 1911, and 1921, and the proportionate numbers living in successive age groups:—

AGES OF THE PEOPLE AT CENSUSES, 1901, 1911, AND 1921.

	19	01.	19)11.	19	21.
Age Group (Years).	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
						
0-5	66,807	65,179	73,061	70,417	79,210	76,426
5-10	72,052	70,493	65,615	63,904	79,452	77,680
10-15	67,389	66,640	63,586	62,523	72,424	70,744
15-20	58,896	59,717	67,804	67,719	66,020	64,589
20-25	50,593	57,632	61,895	65,217	62,096	67,503
25-30	45,469	52,832	51,955	55,651	62,845	69,647
30-35	46,635	48,156	44,928	48,694	59,244	63,439
35–40	46,723	43,390	41,308	44,549	50,696	53,790
40-45	37,118	33,551	42,512	42,480	44,885	47,914
45-50	24,137	21,810	41,015	38,477	39,556	42,378
50-55	18,348	17,601	31,866	29,420	40,174	40,391
55-60	15,351	15,157	19,486	18,457	35,923	34,841
60-65	14,979	14,292	13,834	14,316	26,660	27,016
65-70	16,080	13,843	11,432	12,603	15,054	15,717
70-75	11,781	8,360	9,415	9,972	9,035	10,204
75-80	5,733	4,231	7,275	6,934	5,415	6,826
80-85	2,453	2,065	3,903	3,387	2,991	3,831
85-90	603	587	1,133	1,129	1,336	1,672
90–100	160	152	301	321	404	567
100 and over	12	11	8	10	9	8
Unspecified	2,564	1,759	3,259	3.780	1,295	1,373
Total	603,883	597,458	655,591	659,960	754,724	776,556

AGES OF THE PEOPLE AT CENSUSES, 1901, 1911, AND 1921-continued.

Age Grou		19	01.	19	011.	19	9.86 10.02 9.13 8.33 8.71		
(Years).		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females		
e with			PR	OPORTIONS	PER CENT	• 1			
0-5	••	11.11	10.94	11 · 20	10.73	10.21	9.86		
5-10		11.98	11.83	10 · 06	9.74	10.55	10.02		
10–15		11.21	11.19	9.74	9:53	9.61	9.13		
15-20		9.80	10.03	10.40	10.32	8.76	8.33		
20-25	•••	8.41	9.68	9.48	9.94	8.24	8.71		
25 - 30	••	7.56	8.87	7.96	8.48	8.34	8.98		
30-35		7.76	8.08	6.89	7 · 42	7.86	8.18		
35-40		7 · 77	7.28	6.33	6 · 79	6.73	6.94		
40-45		6.17	5.63	6.52	6 · 47	5.96	6.18		
45 –50	••	4.02	3.66	6.29	5.87	5.25	5.47		
50-55	••	3.05	2.96	4.89	4.48	5·3 3	5.21		
55 -60		2.55	2.54	2.99	2.81	4.77	4.49		
60-65		2.49	2.40	2.12	2 · 18	3.54	3 49		
65 - 70	••	2.67	2.32	1 · 75	1.92	2.00	2.03		
70-75		1.96	1.40	1.44	1.52	1.20	1.32		
75-80		.95	•71	1.11	1.06	.72	-88		
80-85	•	•41	35	-60	52	•40	49		
85-90		·10	10	:18	.17	·18	22		
90 and ove	r	.03	.03	.05	•05	.05	.07		
Specified A	ges	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		

Persons at dependent and supporting ages. By adopting larger groups a clearer idea is obtained of the age distribution of the population at the three census periods. The subjoined table shows the numbers and

proportions of males and females at ages 0-15, 15-45, 45-65 and 65 and upwards. Persons of unspecified ages have been omitted:—

NUMBER OF PERSONS AT DEPENDENT AND SUPPORTING AGES IN VICTORIA AT THREE CENSUS ENUMERATIONS.

			Ŋ	umber of I	Persons at-			
Census	Depend	ent Ages		Support	ing Ages.		Old Age	e (65 years
Year.		5 years).	15 to 4	5 years.	45 to 6	5 years.		pwards).
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1901	206,248	202,312	285,434	295,278	72,815	68,860	36,822	29,249
1911 1921	202,262 231,086	196,844 224,850	310,402 345,786	324,310 366,882	106,201 142,313	100,670 144,626	33,467 34,244	34,356 38,825
				Proportion	per cent.	,		
1901	34.30	33.96	47.47	49.57	12.11	11.56	6.12	4.91
1911 1921	31·00 30·67	30:00 29:00	47·59 45·89	49·42 47·33	16·28 18·89	15·34 18·66	5·13 4·55	5·24 5·01

Australian Born and other Population in State.

The next table shows the length of residence in Australia, at the date of the census of 1921, of persons included in the population of the State who were born outside the Common-

wealth :-

POPULATION OF VICTORIA AT THE CENSUS OF 4TH APRIL, 1921, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO LENGTH OF RESIDENCE IN AUSTRALIA.

No. of Completed	Enumerated Population.		No. of Completed	Enumerated Population.			
Years of Residence.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Years of Residence.	Males.	Females.	Persons.
0 to 1 2 ,, 4 5 ,, 9	8,559 1,389	9,588 1,595	18,147 2,984	90 and upwards Not stated	3,666	12 4,205	15 7,871
10 , 19	24,576 12,586 29,898	20,039 7,338 19,232	44,615 19,924 49,130	Total	108,603	92,349	200,952
40 ,, 59 60 ,, 79	17,226 10,570	16,034 14,080	33,260 24,650	Born in Com- monwealth	646,121	684,207	1,330,328
80 , 89	130	226	356	Grand Total	754,724	776,556	1,531,280

There were 17 persons—9 males and 8 females—

Gentenarians aged 100 years and upwards in Victoria when the 1921 census was taken.

In the following statement the persons and dwellings to Density of the square mile, the persons and rooms to a dwelling, and the persons to a room are shown for the seven census years 1861-1921:—

DENSITY OF POPULATION.—RETURN FOR SEVEN CENSUS YEARS.

Year of Census.	Persons to the Square Mile (exclusive of Persons in Ships).	Inhabited Dwellings to the Square Mile.	Persons to the Inhabited Dwelling (exclusive of Persons in Ships).	Rooms to an Inhabited Dwelling.	Persons to a Room.
			•	·	
1861	6.126	1 · 470	4.16	2.96	1.39
1871	8 · 298	1.714	4.84	3.88	1 · 24
1881	9 · 791	1.935	5.06	4.43	1.14
1891	12.948	2.549	5.08	5.09	1.00
1901	13.643	2.747	4.97	5:38	•93
1911	14.915	3 · 103	4.80	5.51	-87
921	17.360	3.766	4.61	5.35	•85

The population returned at the census of 1921 represented a proportion of 17.4 persons to the square mile. In 1911 the proportion was 14.9; in 1901, 13.6; in 1891, 12.9; in 1881, 9.8; in 1871, 8.3; and in 1861, 6.1. There were 461 persons to every 100 inhabited dwellings in 1921—a number smaller than in any of the five preceding census years, but greater than in 1861.

BIRTHPLACES OF THE PEOPLE OF VICTORIA, 1921.

Birthplaces The census of 1921 gave the birthplaces of the people as follows:—

Birthplaces.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Commonwealth of Australia	646,023	684,113	1,330,136
New Zealand	5,460	5,750	11,210
British Isles	83,712	77,405	161,117
British India	1,003	537	1,540
Union of South Africa	. 818	854	1,672
Canada	523	340	863
Denmark	. 835	200	1,035
Germany	2,462	1,231	3,693
17	393	353	746
Italy	1,411	439	1,850
Sweden	1,021	94	1,115
NT	637	89	726
D	601	342	943
Greece	. 505	53	558
United States	. 952	641	1,593
China	2,740	85	2,825
Japan	52	20	72
Switzerland	321	118	439
O41 O4	2,710	1,484	4,194
At Sea	524	587	1,111
Unspecified	2,021	1,821	3,842
	754,724	776,556	1,531,280
Allegiance—	m .m .co		1 500 10.
	747,482	774,702	1,522,184
	6,873	1,496	8,369
Unstated	369	358	727

Australian The residents of Victoria at the date of the Census who were born in the Commonwealth of Australia numbered 1,330,136 or 87 per cent. of the total population. The number born in Australia or New Zealand was 1,341,346, the ratio to population being 88 per cent. The corresponding ratios in 1911 and 1901 were 85 per cent. and 79 per cent. respectively.

The number of persons in the State in 1921 who were Foreign born born in countries outside the British dominions was 19,486, or 1·3 per cent. of the population. This is a decrease as compared with 1911, when they numbered 21,252, or 1·6 per cent. of the population.

Allegiance. The number of persons living in Victoria in 1921 who owed their allegiance to a foreign country was 8,369.

In the interval between the censuses of 1911 and 1921

chinese. natives of China decreased from 4,302 to 2,825. These
figures, however, do not represent all the Chinese in the
State, as there are persons of this race born in places outside of China
who are resident in Victoria. The total number of the Chinese race

in Victoria (including Chinese born in Australia) was 5,601 in 1911 and 4,179 in 1921.

The enumerated population at each of the last seven consuses and the decennial increases, numerical and centesimal, were as shown hereunder:—

POPULATION OF VICTORIA (INCLUDING ABORIGINES) AT SEVEN CENSUS PERIODS.

	Во	th Sexes.			Males.		. *	Females.	
Year of Census.	Popu-	Increa Ten-year		Popu-	Increa Ten-year		Popu-	Increa Ten-year	
		Numeri- cal.	Centesi- mal.	lation.	Numeri- cal.	Centesi- mal.	lation.	Numeri- cal.	Centesi- mal.
1861	540 299	462,977	500.50	328,651	999 440	611.24	211.671	180.528	570 - 67
1871	731.528								
1881	862.346	,					410.263		
1891	1.140.405				146,331	32.37	541.991	131.728	
1901	1,201,341				5,469		597,458		10.23
1911	1,315,747			655,694					10.48
1921	1,531,424	215,677	16.39	754,804	99,110	15.12	776,620	116,567	17.66

NOTE.—The figures in this table include full-blood aboriginals. These numbered 144 in 1921, viz., 80 males and 64 females.

The increase in population between the censuses of 1911 and 1921, viz., 215,677, was larger than in any ten-year period subsequent to 1851-61, with the exception of the decennium 1881-91.

Proportions of sexes, Victoria.

The masculinity of the population, or the ratio of males to females, at each of the last seven census enumerations, was as follows:—

Year.		* -			Males to 100 Females.
1861	 		• •		155.26
1871	 				$121 \cdot 36$
1881	 				110 . 9
1891	 • •				110.41
1901	 				101 • 08
1911	 ••	• • •			$99 \cdot 34$
1921	 			• • • •	97.19

The number of males to every 100 females in age-groups at the date of the 1921 census was as follows:—Age-group 0-10, 103.0; 10-20, 102.3; 20-40, 92.5; 40-60, 97.0; 60-80, 94.0; and 80 and over, 78.0. The ratios for certain age groups in the census years 1891, 1901, and 1911 are given in the *Year-Book* for 1915-16, also the proportions existing between males and females at the census of 1911 in other parts of Australasia and England and Wales.

The following table shows the area in acres and the methourne, enumerated population at the census of 1921 of the various municipalities of Greater Melbourne, also the number of persons to the acre in these municipalities and the estimated population at the end of 1928:—

POPULATION, ETC., OF GREATER MELBOURNE AT CENSUS OF 1921, AND 31st DECEMBER, 1928.

Sub-District.			Area in Acres, 31st Dec., 1928	Enumerated Population at the Census of 1921.	Estimated Population, 31st Dec., 1928.	Persons to the Acre, 31st Dec. 1928.
Melbourne City		_	7,555	103,251	104,000	13.8
Box Hill City			5,120	*	12,970	2.5
Brighton City		1	3,308	21,235	28,650	8.7
Brunswick City			2,719	44,484	56,500	20.8
Camberwell City		[8,322	23,835	45,340	5.4
Caulfield City			5,600	40,693	70,700	12.6
Coburg City			4,800	18,114	38,570	8.0
Collingwood City			1,139	34,239	33,100	29.0
Essendon City			4,000	35,269	42,990	10.7
Fitzroy City			923	34,938	33,300	36.1
Footscray City			3,982	33,775	50,000	12.6
Hawthorn City			2,402	29,165	33,240	13.8
Kew City			3,553	17,382	25,700	$7 \cdot 2$
Malvern City	• •		3,996	32,306	45,650	11 • 4
Northcote City]	2,850	30,519	41,800	14.7
Oakleigh City			2,658	6,076	11,000	4.1
Port Melbourne City			2,366	13,089	13,400	$5 \cdot 7$
Prahran City		[2,320	50,290	52,600	$22 \cdot 7$
Preston City			8,800	9,670	28,000	$3 \cdot 2$
Richmond City			1,430	43,171	43,000	30.1
Sandringham City			3,740	11,316	23,500	6.3
South Melbourne City			2,303	46,873	47,700	20.7
St. Kilda City			2,049	38,579	43,000	21.0
Williamstown City			2,775	19,442	24,810	8.9
Remainder of District			76,956	40,557	45,770	$\cdot 59$
Shipping in Hobson's Ba	y and Riv	ver	••	4,711	4,710	••
Total			165,666	782,979	1,000,000	6.0†

^{*} Included with "Remainder of District" in 1921.
† In making this calculation persons in ships were excluded from the total population.

Fitzroy is the most thickly populated municipality, with about 36 persons to the acre; Richmond has 30; Collingwood, 29; Prahran, 23; South Melbourne, 21; St. Kilda City, 21; Brunswick, 21; Northcote, 15; and Melbourne City and Hawthorn, 14 persons. There are areas devoted to parks, gardens, and other reserves in many of the municipalities, so that the population is really living closer together than the figures in the table indicate. Melbourne City contains 1,969 acres of such reserves; Kew, 643; South Melbourne, 497; Williamstown, 458; Caulfield, 305;

St Kilda, 305; Richmond, 240; Brighton, 191 acres; Hawthorn, 65; and Northcote, 32. There are smaller areas in other districts, but they do not appreciably affect the question of density of population The total area of all the reserves is 7,455 acres; if these be excluded, the number of persons to the acre in the places named will be as follows:—Richmond, 36; South Melbourne, 26; St. Kilda, 25; Melbourne City, 19; Northcote, 15; Hawthorn, 14; Caulfield, 13; Williamstown, 11; Brighton, 9; and Kew, 9.

In the appended statement Victoria is shown in three divisions, the first being the Metropolitan (Greater Melbourne) District, or the area extending in all directions for a distance of 10 miles from the centre of the city; the second, the other urban districts, outside the limits of Greater Melbourne; and the third, the remaining portions of the State, which are termed "rural districts." The second division includes not only all existing cities, towns and boroughs, but also the larger towns in shires. The population of each of these divisions at the end of 1928, the ratio of its population to that of the whole State, and the number of persons to the square mile were as follows:—

URBAN AND RURAL POPULATION, 1928.

	Estimated	Estimated Population, 31st Decr., 1928.				
Divisions.	Area in Square Miles.	Total.	Proportion per cent.	Persons to the Sq. Mile.		
Metropolitan Other Urban	255 376	1,000,000 211,290	56·79 12·00	3,922 562		
Total Urban ,, Rural	631 87,253	1,211,290 549,674	68·79 31·21	1,920 6·3		
Total, Victoria	87,884	1,760,964	100.00	20.0		

Proportion of metropolitan and the population of the metropolis alone is nearly 57 per cent. of that of the whole State. The results of each census (except that of 1901), after the census of 1861, showed an increase in the proportion of the total population resident in the metropolitan area. The marked nature of this increase will be apparent from the following statement:—

PROPORTION OF POPULATION OF GREATER MELBOURNE TO THAT OF THE WHOLE OF VICTORIA.

Year.		Per cent.	Year.	Per cent.
1861 (Census)		$25 \cdot 9$	1901 (Census)	 41.3
1871 ,,		28.9	1911 ,,	 45.1
1881 ,,	• •	32.8	1921 ,,	 51 · 1
1891 ,,		43.0	1928 (Estimated)	 56.8

Population in Metropolitan District.

population in each are as under:-

For a great number of years the population of Greater Melbourne has been estimated as that contained in an area within a radius of ten miles from the Elizabeth-street Post To conform to the expansion of the metropolis in a south-easterly direction, and for tabulating the vital statistics of Melbourne and suburbs a new area has been defined. The object aimed at has been to include the residents in the urban portion of the metropolis, and to exclude those who are rural residents. It is proposed for the future to estimate the number of residents within the 10-mile radius as has been done in the past, and in addition to show the number. within the urban local government areas in the metropolitan area. The municipalities included in the latter district and the estimated

ESTIMATED POPULATION WITHIN THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREAS OF MELBOURNE AND SUBURBS. 31st DECEMBER, 1928.

Municipal District.	Estimated Population.	Municipal District.	Estimated Population.
Box Hill City	12,970	Kew City	25,700
Braybrook Shire	-	Malvern City	45,650
(excluding Western	J	, and the second	
Riding)	6,900	Melbourne City	104,000
Brighton City	28,650	Moorabbin Shire	15,830
Brunswick City	56,500	Mordialloe City	10,060
Camberwell City	45,340	Northcote City	41,800
Chelsea City	7,150	Oakleigh City	11,000
Caulfield City	70,700	Port Melbourne City	13,400
Coburg City	38,570	Prahran City	52,600
Collingwood City	33,100	Preston City	28,000
Essendon City	42,990	Richmond City	43,000
Fitzroy City	33,300	St. Kilda City	43,000
Footscray City	50,000	Sandringham Čity	23,500
Hawthorn City	33,240	South Melbourne	
1		City	47,700
Heidelberg Shire (ex-		-	
cluding Greens-	1	Williamstown City	24,810
borough Riding)	23,000	_	
		Shipping in Bay	
		and River	4,710
		Total	1,017,170

The next statement gives the population of the municipal districts in Greater Melbourne at the last three census dates. There was a slight falling-off in the cities of Melbourne and Port Melbourne between 1911 and 1921, but in all other districts there were increases during each decennial period. The most remarkable of these increases was in the City of Caulfield, where the population was enumerated as 9,541 in 1901 and 40,693 in 1921. Northcote, Malvern, and Camberwell also made great progress in the twenty-year period, their respective populations being trebled.

RETURN SHOWING THE POPULATION OF GREATER MELBOURNE IN 1901, 1911, AND 1921.

	Municipal Distr				Population at the Census of-			
	Municipal Disci	icu.	•		1901.	1911.	1921.	
liti	es—			1		·	'	
	Melbourne		• • • •		97,440	103,593	103,251	
	Brighton				10,047	12,083	21,235	
	Brunswick				24,141	32,215	44,484	
	Camberwell				8,602	12,551	23,835	
	Caulfield				9.541	15,919	40,693	
	Coburg				6,772	9,505	18,114	
	Collingwood				32,749	34,190	34,239	
	Essendon				17,426	23,749	35,269	
	Fitzrov				31,687	34,283	34,938	
	Footscray				18,318	23,643	33,775	
	Hawthorn				21,430	24,450	29,165	
	Kew				9,469	11,152	17,382	
	Malvern			[10,619	15,969	32,306	
	Northcote		• • •		9.677	17,519	30.519	
	Port Melbourne		• •	::	12,176	13,515	13,089	
	Prahran		• • •		40,441	45,367	50,290	
	Richmond	••	• • •	- ::	37,824	40.442	43,171	
	Sandringham	••	•••	1	*	*	11,316	
	South Melbourne		•	•	40.619	46,190	46,873	
	St. Kilda	-			20,542	25,334	38,579	
	Williamstown	• •	• • •	••	14,052	15,275	19,442	
	IIW OO SHILLING	• •	• •	••	14,002	10,210	10,442	
P	vns						1	
LOV					1,273	2,151	6,076	
	Oakleigh	• •	: •					
	Preston	••	••	•••	4,059	5,049	9,670	
hi	res						1	
	Parts of Shires, fo	rmino	remaind	ler of				
	District				15,445	24.873	40.557	
Shi	pping in Hobson's Ba	y and	River		1,730	4,220	4,711	
	Total		••		496,079	593,237	782,979	

^{*} Included with Moorabbin Shire in 1901 and 1911.

The numbers of males and females in Melbourne and suburbs at each census date from 1861 to 1921, and as estimated in 1928, are shown in the following statement. The proportion of males to the total population of the metropolis and the percentage of the population in the metropolitan area to that of the whole State are also given.

POPULATION OF MELBOURNE AND SUBURBS, 1861 TO 1928.

Year.		Cer	sus Populat	Males Percentage	Proportion of Metropolitan		
		Males.	Females.	males. Total Population.		to State Population.	
				,.			
						per cent.	
1861		 71,300	68,616	139,916	51.0	25.9	
1871		 103,404	103,376	206,780	50.0	28.9	
1881		 139.006	143,941	282,947	49.1	32.8	
1891		 247,960	242,936	490,896	50.5	43.0	
1901		 235,203	260,876	496,079	47.4	41.3	
1911		279,900	313,337	593,237	47.2	45.1	
1921	- II	 370,016	412,963	782,979	47.3	51.1	
	estimat	472,600	527,400	1,000,000	47.3	56.8	

Outside Melbourne and suburbs, the most important towns in Victoria are Ballarat, comprising two municipalities; Geelong, three; Bendigo, two; and Warrnambool, Mordialloc, Castlemaine, Carrum, Wonthaggi, Mildura, Hamilton, Ararat, and Shepparton one each. The populations of these, with their immediate suburbs, according to the census of 1921, and as estimated in 1928, were as follows:—

POPULATION OF CHIEF TOWNS IN VICTORIA, 1921 AND 1928.

				Population.		
	Name	of Town.				l
					1921 (Census).	1928 (Estimated)
Geelong					36,170	43,150
Ballarat					38,500	42,000
Bendigo	. ,				33,170	33,870
Mordialloc					5,674	10,060
Warrnambool				}	7,739	8,100
Castlemaine			••		7,000	7,170
Carrum		, .			5,225	7,150
Wonthaggi					5,176	6,950
Mildura					5,100	6,050
Shepparton					4,228	5,500
Hamilton					5,098	5,300
Ararat					4,653	5,120

The following is a list of the other towns in Victoria which contained a population of 1,000 persons or over in 1928:—

Town.	Estimated Population in 1928.	Town.		Estimated Population in 1928.
Bacchus Marsh	1,400	Mooroopna	٠	1,500
Bairnsdale	3,570	Mornington		2,200
Beaufort	1,100	Mortlake		1,020
Beechworth	2,550	Morwell		1,420
Benalla	3,300	Murtoa	}	1,150
Blackburn	2,100	Nhill		1,550
Camperdown	3,900	Numurkah		1,280
Casterton	1,570	Nyah		1,070
Charlton	1,170	Orbost		1,350
Clunes	1,220	Ouyen		1,000
Cohuna	1,200	Port Fairy		2,070
Colac	4,550	Portland		2,750
Coleraine	1,000	Queenscliff		3,130
Creswick	1,760	Red Cliffs		1,150
Dandenong	4,500	Ringwood		3,650
Daylesford	3,380	Rochester		1,500
Dimboola	1,570	Rushworth		1,220
Donald	1,550	Rutherglen		1,200
Drouin	1,000	Sale		4,020
Echuca	4,100	Seymour]	2,130
Euroa	1,820	St. Arnaud		3,400
Frankston	1,500	Stawell		4,740
Healesville	2,500	Sunshine		3,250
Heathcote	1,050	Swan Hill		2,650
Horsham	4,700	Tatura		1,300
Inglewood	1,100	Terang		2,350
Irymple	2,100	Traralgon	\	2,250
Kerang	2,650	Wangaratta		4,020
Kilmore	1,050	Warburton		1,150
Koroit	1,860	Warracknabeal		2,600
Korumburra	2,700	Warragul		1,830
Kyabram	1,700	Wedderburn		1,000
Kyneton	3,250	Werribee		1,870
Leongatha	1,550	Wodonga		1,650
Lilydale	1,950	Woodend		1,300
Maffra	1,650	Yallourn		2,800
Maldon	1,350	Yarram		1,150
Maryborough	4,950	Yarrawonga		1,660
Merbein	2,410	Yea		1,050
Mitcham	1,700			

Rates of Increase of population. The average annual rates at which the population has increased (1) in the whole State, (2) in Melbourne and Suburbs, and (3) in the remainder of the State are shown hereunder:—

AVERAGE ANNUAL RATE OF INCREASE OF POPULATION IN THE WHOLE STATE, IN MELBOURNE AND SUBURBS, AND IN REMAINDER OF STATE, 1851 TO 1928.

	In	Victoria.		urne and urbs.	In Remainder of State.		
Period.	Rate o Natura Increas	al Total	Rate of Natural Increase.	Rate of Total Increase.	Rate of Natural Increase.	Rate of Total Increase.	
	Per cen	t. Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	
1851–60	2.0		*	13.62	*	26.67	
1001 50	2.40		1.96†	3.91	2.63†	2.74	
1071 00	1.8		1.33	3.31	2.11	1.01	
1001 00	1.60	3 2.80	1.53	5.56	1.74	1.17	
1001 1000	. 1.4	7 .55	1.36	.25	1.55	•77	
1001 10	1.20	3 .89	1.05	1.74	1.42	.25	
1911 .	. 1.3	7 2.96	1.18	4.11	1.52	2.01	
1019	. 1.43	3 3.19	1.35	3.92	1.50	2.57	
1019	. 1.4	3 2.38	1.48	3.77	1.48	1.20	
1914 .	. 1.39	1.40	1.39	3.08	1.40	-:07	
1915 .	1.3	4 75	1.35	1 · 24	1.33	-2.54	
1916	1.2	5 -1 39	1.26	1.92	1.23	-4.48	
1917 .	1.3	2 . 88	1.30	2.00	1.33	23	
1918 .	. 1.1	6 1.42	1.13	2.05	1.19	•79	
1919 .	. 8	5 4.58	•67	$2 \cdot 75$	1.04	6.47	
1920 .	. 1.2	9 1.66	1.30	3.45	1.27	- 13	
1921	. 1.2	7 1.49	1.26	2.35	1.28	•60	
1922	1.3	6 2.55	1.30	2.73	1.43	2.36	
1923	. 1.1	7 2.21	1.00	4.41	1.35	- 12	
1924	1.2	1 1.95	1.06	3 85	1:37	15	
1925	. 1.2	1 1.62	1.04	2.98	1.41	.06	
1926	1.1	3 1.65	.96	3.54	1.33	- 58	
1927	1.0	7 1.73	.86	3.26	1.32	- 16	
1928	. 9	6 1.12	•80	2.55	1.17	69	

Not available.

[†] Average 1862-1870.

It will be observed that the rate of natural increase (excess of births over deaths) has during all periods, except the years 1915, 1916, and 1920, been less in Melbourne than in other portions of the State, while the rate of total increase has usually been greater. It would appear from this that the metropolis has been gaining population at the expense of the country districts. The higher rate of natural increase in extrametropolitan areas is due principally to the low death rates prevailing there, and this tavorable mortality can only be partially accounted for by the migration from country to town of persons in indifferent health. The light mortality in country districts shows the advantage to be derived from a large increase in the population of these portions of the State.

The small natural increase in 1919, both in Melbourne and the remainder of the State, is accounted for by a heavy death rate in that year due to the existence of an epidemic of influenza. The rate of total increase in 1919 was large on account of the return to the State of soldiers, and the extra-Metropolitan districts benefited to a greater extent proportionally by their return than Melbourne and suburbs.

Population of Australia and New Zealand, 1861-1921. The following table shows the population of each Australian State and New Zealand at each census from 1861 to 1921:—

POPULATION OF THE SIX STATES OF AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND, 1861-1921.

State.	1861.	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.	1921.
Victoria New South Wales Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania	540,322 350,860 30,059 126,830 15,100 89,977	731,528 503,981 117,960 185,626 25,270 101,020	862,346 751,468 213,525 279,865 29,708 115,705	1,140,405 1,132,234 393,718 320,431 49,782 146,667	1,201,070 1,354,846 498,129 363,157 184,124 172,475		499,027 332,732
Australia New Zealand	1,153,148 84,536	1,665,385 257,810	2,252,617 489,933	3,183,237 626,658	3,773,801 772,719		5,435,734 1,218,270

Including Federal Territory, 2,572.

[†] Including Northern Territory, 3,867.

Population of Australian States and New Zealand.

In the next table is shown the estimated population of each Australian State (excluding aborigines) and of New Zealand at the end of 1928, also the increase of population since the census of 1921, and the number of persons to the square mile.

POPULATION OF EACH AUSTRALIAN STATE AND NEW ZEALAND, AT 31st DECEMBER, 1928.

State.		ted Population December, 192	Increase since Census of 1921	Persons to		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	(4th April).	Mile.	
Victoria	875,449	885,515	1,760,964	229,684	20.04	
New South Wales	1,246,234	1,199,046	2,445,280	344,909	7.90	
Queensland	485.290	431,399	916,689	160,717	1.37	
South Australia	299,679	279,669	579,348	84,188	1.52	
Western Australia	220,209	185,664	405,873	73,141	•42	
Tasmania	107,371	109,192	216,563	2,783	8.26	
Territories			, ·			
Northern	2,739	1,243	3,982	115	.01	
Federal	4,564	3,523	8,087	5,515	8.60	
Australia	3,241,535	3,095,251	6,336,786	901,052	2 · 13	
New Zealand	716,673	688.283	1,404,956	186,686	13.60	

Particulars of the movement of population by migration and of the natural increase by excess of births over deaths are given for each State from the year 1851 on page 300 of the Year-Book for 1921-22.

Population of Australasian capital cities,

The enumerated populations of Australasian capital cities during the past 57 years are shown in the following Melbourne during that time has made great progress. table. the most noticeable advance having been in the decennial period 1881-91, when the increase of population was 73 per

cent. Between 1891 and 1901 the population remained almost stationary, but in the intercensal period 1901 to 1911 there was an increase of 97,158 and in the period 1911 to 1921 an increase of 189,742 persons. Sydney, which since 1902 has been the most populous city in Australasia, had 1,127,470 inhabitants in 1928. two cities contain about 33 per cent. of the population of the Commonwealth.

POPULATION OF AUSTRALASIAN CAPITAL CITIES, 1871 TO 1928.

Capital City with Suburbs).	En	umerated :	ated ation, Sec.,	Persons to the				
	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.	1921.	Estimated Population, 31st Dec., 1928.	Acre, 1928.
Melbourne	206,780	282,947	490.896	496,079	593.237	782,979	1,000,000	6.04
Sydney	137,776						1,127,470	9.53
Brisbane	15,029	31,109	101,554	119,428	140,977	209,699	308,580	1.25
Adelaide	42,744	103,864	133,252	162,094	191,312	255,318	330,217	2.40
Perth	*	*	*	66,832	109,375	155,129	196,251	2.24
Hobart	26,004	27,248	33,450	34,604	40,335	52,385	56,730	1:03
Wellington	7,908	20,563	34,190	49,344	70,729	107,491	134,515†	4.13
	1						'	

^{*} Not available. † Estimated population, 1st April, 1928.

Density of sopulation in capital cities.

It will be noticed that the population of Sydney is more concentrated than that of any other metropolitan city, the population of Melbourne being spread over about one and a half times the corresponding area. In Adelaide and Perth there are about two persons; and in Brisbane and Hobart, about one person to the acre.

Chinese and Aborigines in Victoria. In the subjoined table is given the population of Victoria at each of the last seven census enumerations, Chinese and Aborigines being distinguished.

POPULATIÓN OF VICTORIA, DISTINGUISHING CHINESE AND ABORIGINES, AT SEVEN CENSUS PERIODS.

Year of Chinese and Aborigines.					Chinese.		Aborigines.			
Census.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females	Persons.	Males.	Females	
1861	540,322	328,651	211,671	24,732	24,724	8	1,694	1,046	648	
1871	731,528	401,050	330,478	17,935	17,899	36	1,330	784	546	
1881	862,346	452,083	410,263	12,128	11,869	259	780	460	320	
1891	1,140,405	598,414	541,991	9,377	8,772	605	565	325	240	
1901	1,201,341	603,883	597,458	7,349	6,740	609	652	367	285	
1911	1,315,747	655,694	660,053	5,601	4,956	645	643	340	303	
1921	1,531,424	754,804	776,620	4,179	3,433	746	586*	279	307	

Note.—The population of the State at each census date since 1861, which appears in the above table and in the table on page 60, includes full-blood aboriginals. When comparisons are made elsewhere in this part with the populations at these census dates, the aboriginals referred to are not included.

* A census of Aborigines in Australia was taken by the Commonwealth Statistician as at 30th June, 1928, and the numbers then ascertained were as under:—

			Full Blood.	Half-caste.	Total.
Australia			60,663†	16,818	77,481
Victoria		100	53	607	660

[†] Including 10,000 estimated in Western Australia as living outside the influence of Europeans.

During each of the five years ended 1928 the number of Chinese who left Victoria was greater than the number who entered the State. The net decrease in the Chinese population in the last five years by excess of emigration over immigration was 393. The figures for each year are as follows:—

CHINESE IMMIGRATION AND EMIGRATION, 1924 TO 1928.

	Ye	ear.		Immigrants.	Emigrants.	Excess of— Arrivals (+), Departures (-).		
					~ ~~~	-		
1924	••		• •	290	363	- 73		
1925	••		••	256	352	- 96		
1926				311	405	- 94		
1927	• ••			384	475	- 91		
1928	••	••	••	375	414	- 39		
	Total	••	• •	1,616	2,009	- 393		
					**			

At the first colonization of Victoria the Aborigines were officially estimated to number about 5,000, but according to Decrease of other and apparently more reliable estimates they numbered Aborigines. at that time not less than 15,000. When the colony was separated from New South Wales the number was officially stated to be 2,693. At the 1921 census there were enumerated 586 Aborigines. Between the consisting of 144 of pure blood and 442 half-castes. censuses of 1911 and 1921 there was a decrease of 57, the reduction in the pure race being 51 and, in the half-castes, 6. These figures indicate that the race is gradually but surely dying out. A census of Aborigines in Australia was taken by the Commonwealth Statistician as at 30th June, 1928. The number in Victoria was ascertained to be 660, of whom 53 were full-blooded. The reduction in the full-blooded as compared with 1921 was 91. The half-castes increased in the period mentioned by 165. From the records of the Aborigines Board it

would appear that most of the natives are under the care of that body, the numbers in the different stations being as under:—

NUMBER OF ABORIGINES UNDER CARE AT STATIONS IN VICTORIA, 1927-28.

	Stat	ion.			Aborigines.	Three- quarter and Half-castes.	Total.
Coranderrk .		• •			. 1	5	6
ake Condah .	•			• • •		15	15
Lake Tyers .					41	212	253
Framlingham						14	14
Depots .					8		8
In Institutions					2	1	2
In Service		• •	• •		2		2
	Total	•			54	246	300

In addition to the above there are 260 half-castes and quadroons at Antwerp, Condah, Framlingham, Echuca, Colac, Dimboola, Healesville, Orbost, Picola, and Swan Hill. Of the Aborigines not under care of the Government, some are residing elsewhere than at the stations, but occasionally receive supplies of food and clothing when in need, while others prefer to lead a wandering life, and but rarely come under the notice of the Board.

During the year 1927-28, 11 deaths occurred—10 at Lake Tyers, and 1 at Framlingham. There were 20 births—all of these took place at Lake Tyers. The births recorded were all half-castes, while, of the deaths, 1 was a full-blood Aboriginal, and 10 were half-castes. There were 4 marriages at Lake Tyers during the year mentioned.

The amount expended on the maintenance of Aborigines Expenditure on during the year was £7,569. There is a Trust Fund kept at the Treasury into which receipts from the sale of produce, etc., are paid. The amount at the credit of this Fund on the 30th June, 1928, was £3,356.

With a view to restricting the immigration of Asiatics and other coloured persons the Commonwealth Parliament **Immigration** and emigration passed the Immigration Restriction Act in 1901, which of coloured persons, 1901 to 1928. provides that any person, who, when asked to do so by a public officer, fails to write out from dictation and sign in the presence of the officer a passage of fifty words in any prescribed language, is prohibited from landing in Australia. Certificates of exemption are granted in certain cases, and members of the military and naval forces, as well as the master and crew of any public vessel of any government, are excepted. The Act appears to have achieved its purpose, judging by the small number of coloured persons who have been admitted into the Commonwealth since it commenced to operate. The following are the numbers of coloured persons, other than Chinese, who have entered or left Victoria since 1st April, 1901:-

IMMIGRATION AND EMIGRATION OF COLOURED PERSONS (OTHER THAN CHINESE) FROM 1st APRIL, 1901, TO 31st DECEMBER, 1928.

·		Year.			Immigrants.	Emigrants.	Excess of— Arrivals (+) Departures (-
From 1st	April,	1901, to	31st Dec.	1905	1,118	1,311	- 193
1906-10	•••		• •		382	495	- 113
1911-15			••		491	406	+ 85
1916	• •				80	92	_ 12
1917					67	208	141
1918					5 2	46	+ 6
1919					46	151	- 105
1920			••		59	86	27
1921					70	64	+ 6
1922					65	47	+ 18
1923					76	64	
1924					109	53	+ 12 + 56 + 4
1925					89	85	+ 4
1926					114	85	+ 29
1927					60	87	_ 27
1928		• •			57	87	_ 30
		Total	••		2,935	3,367	– 432

The number of coloured persons in Victoria was ascertained at the census of 1921. Chinese were found to number 4.179. and other coloured persons 1,932—a total of 6,111, as compared with 7,631 at the previous census in 1911. The figures for the different races are given below:—

NUMBER OF PERSONS OF COLOURED RACES (EXCLUSIVE OF FULL-BLOOD ABORIGINES) IN VICTORIA AT THE CENSUS OF 1921.

					Mal	es.	Fem	ales.	Total.	
	Ra	ce.			Full- blood.	Half- caste.	Full- blood.	Half- caste.	Full- blood.	Haif- caste.
Asiatic										
Chinese					2,918	515	244	502	3,162	1,017
Hindus					431	62	15	50	446	112
Japanes	е				37	12	13	12	50	24
Syrians					292	$\overline{20}$	240	31	532	51
Cingales	е				19	9	2	4	21	ĺ:
Other				٠.	55	14	23	9	78	23
African—								•		
Negroes					11	24		12	11	36
Other					3	3	1	1	4	4
American-	<u> </u>				_			-	-	_
America	n India	ans			1	!		3	1	3
Other					8	8	1	. 9	9	17
Polynesian	s			i		-			- [
Maoris					2	3	. 1	2	3	5
Other					7	9	ī	8	8	17
Australian	Aboria	zinals ((H.C.)		1	199	[243		442
Indefinite		•••			14	1	7	•••	21	1
Total				•	3,798	879	548	886	4,346	1,768

Under the "Commonwealth Naturalization Act No. 11 Naturalization of 1903," the right to issue certificates of naturalization was taken from the States, and vested in the Commonwealth. This Act came into force on 1st January, 1904. An epitome of its principal provisions is given in the Year-Book for 1920-21, page 340.

The number of persons naturalized in Victoria in the year 1928 was 232; in the fifty-eight years, 1871 to 1928 inclusive, it was 16,525.